

BORAH SAYS WALL ST. BANKERS CAUSED PEACE TREATY LEAK

he could give that would be helpful in learning who has the treaty and how they got it.

"On March 6," said Borah, "I began an investigation to find out what interest or connection with the League of Nations the great international bankers of New York had. I learned that all were deeply interested in the league and were working for its adoption in this country. They were anxious. I found in various ways, by contributions, public speeches, interviews and other methods.

"I became convinced they were supporting the league, not through any ultra-patriotic motives, but for private reasons.

"I do not intend to give the source of my information, which came to me in various ways, but I will give the committee the results of it. I now ask that the committee subpoena the following men."

Borah then submitted the list above, excepting Vanderbilt, and on motion of Senator Hitchcock they were ordered to appear with the documents mentioned.

VANDERLIP'S NAME ADDED TO LIST OF WITNESSES.

"Would you mind adding the name of Frank A. Vanderlip?" asked Senator Williams, Mississippi.

The committee acquiesced in this suggestion.

Continuing his statement, Borah said:

"I think by questioning these gentlemen the committee will learn, first, that their interest in the League has been constant and active, and, second, that they have had copies of the treaty for the past ten days.

"There will be no difficulty about establishing the facts concerning their possession of the treaty. The difficulty will come in showing their interest in it. But I want to lay a foundation for developing that."

BORAH REFUSES TO GIVE NAMES OF INFORMANTS.

Senator Borah, in a statement to the committee, said he could not and did not intend to give the names of his informants that a copy of the treaty was in the hands of New York interests. The Senator was cross-examined at length principally by Mr. Hitchcock and Senator Pittman, Kentucky, of Nevada. Mr. Borah said he did not know from actual facts, but believed there are "a great many" copies in New York.

"Have you any reason to believe that copy was seen by Senator Lodge?" asked Mr. Hitchcock.

"I have my opinion, but I haven't any real information," Mr. Borah replied. "I don't think any of these men showed their copy to Senator Lodge."

His first informant, Mr. Borah added, was not a New Yorker.

"Then he had the confidence of these business men?" suggested Senator Pittman.

"I take it so," Mr. Borah answered.

"Do you mean to intimate that each one of these gentlemen named has a copy?" asked Senator Hitchcock.

"No, not at all," said Mr. Borah. "I do not know from actual facts that any have. Nobody told me any certain man had a copy, but my communications treated the presence of the copies as a fact."

Senator Moore, Republican, of New Hampshire, said he hoped the committee would make no effort to obtain a copy of the treaty if the President did not furnish the Senate with one, declaring he objected to getting in "through the kitchen window."

"That is an individual way," interrupted Senator Borah, "and certainly is not my view."

LODGE ON THE STAND, REFUSES TO GIVE NAMES.

Senator Lodge then took the stand and in a brief statement, told of having seen a copy of the treaty in the possession of a friend in New York.

"I have never heard of the treaty being in the hands of financial interests," Senator Lodge said. "I was shown a copy of the treaty by a friend. I had some talk with him regarding certain parts of it."

The Senator said he also saw another friend who offered him a copy of the text, but he declined, saying he would not accept a copy he could not make public. This friend, Senator Lodge continued, told him that he knew four copies of the treaty were in New York. The Senator said a number of the men referred to had any connection with financial interests so far as he knew. He added that he made no inquiry as to where they obtained copies of the treaty.

Replying to questions by Senator Hitchcock, Senator Lodge said he did not think it "would be honorable" for him to disclose the names of the men who had copies of the treaty.

Senator Hitchcock asked Senator Lodge if, to aid the committee, he would permit their names to be used.

"I can not do it, I think," said Senator Lodge.

Senator Lodge was asked if in the event of their refusal he could

further aid the committee in their identification.

"Certainly not," he replied sharply. "My lips are sealed as far as they are concerned. I regard that as a matter of honor."

Senator Williams wanted to know whether Mr. Lodge could give the names of others who might be summoned.

"No," said Mr. Lodge. "I have heard nothing else other than the statement referred to by Senator Williams that Mr. Lodge could give the names of others who might be summoned."

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KNOX RUSHES TO THE DEFENSE OF LODGE.

Senator Knox, Republican, Pennsylvania, interrupted to declare that Mr. Lodge had given all the information possible and that what he withheld was a matter of highest Senatorial privilege and personal honor.

"Therefore, any further effort to locate his informants is hardly fair," said Mr. Knox.

Mr. Lodge was excused and Senator McCumber, who had been presiding, yielded the chair. Acting Secretary Polk, the next witness, said he had first received the text of the treaty by cable and estimated it was about 80 per cent. complete.

"I received one copy, by special courier, about May 13," Mr. Polk continued. "Later I received ten copies by special courier and since then a package of copies by pouch mail."

Mr. Polk said he did not know how many copies were in the mail package. The answer was unbroken.

"All were placed in my safe and held up subject to special orders," he said.

NO ORDERS DIRECT FROM WILSON TO POLK.

"Were your orders from the President not to make the correspondence public?" asked Senator Brandegee.

"No, my instructions are usually signed 'Lansing, American Mission,'" Mr. Polk replied. He added that no one except himself and his private secretary had access to his safe.

"So you don't believe there is any possibility that the copies which have been shown were secured from the Department?" asked Senator Knox.

"Positively no chance whatever," he replied.

Replying to Senator McCumber, Mr. Polk said he had made no investigation to determine whether any of the copies were missing, because he knew they were in the safe and had heard of no charges of existence of copies elsewhere until those made by Senators Lodge and Borah.

"So the copies, if any are extant, must have come from the other side?" asked Senator McCumber.

"Undoubtedly," Mr. Polk replied.

Questioned by Senator Johnson, Republican, of California, the witness said the official synopsis of the Peace Treaty was not handled by the State Department, except by printing after publication, and was prepared in Paris and made public at New York by the Committee on Public Information.

Mr. Knox asked Polk whether the published version of the League of Nations was complete.

"It is vitally important that we know about that," said Knox. "We may be shooting in the dark, thinking the League covenant is final, whereas it is open to change."

Polk said he did not know, but believed the version on the League in Paris has finished its work. Whether it has been discharged he could not say.

The committee adjourned to meet at the call of Senator Lodge.

BORAH TURNS TREATY TEXT OVER TO THE SENATE

Causes Copy Brought by Newspaper Correspondent to Be Printed as Public Document.

WASHINGTON, June 9.—A copy of the German Peace Treaty, said to have been brought to this country by a correspondent of the Chicago Tribune, was presented in the Senate today by Senator Borah, and by vote of 9 to 2, ordered put in the Congressional Record and printed as a public document.

All the votes against publication were cast by Democrats with the exception of that of Senator McCumber of North Dakota. Republican Senator Thomas, Democrat, Colorado, forced a roll call refusing unanimous consent for publication.

Nine Democrats voted for the motion to print the text. They were: Ashurst, Heckman, Chamberlain, Culberson, Kendrick, Myers, Pomeroy, Reed and Walsh, of Montana.

Senators Hitchcock of Nebraska, Williams of Mississippi and Swanson of Virginia declared the printing of the document would be a mistake.

"It is beneath the dignity of the Senate," said Senator Hitchcock, "to cooperate with the German Government in throwing a monkey-wrench into the peace machinery. It is the duty of the Senate to make public in Germany the German Government did it for a purpose, and to make it public here is co-operating with the German Government by its action today."

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FULL PEACE PACT IS NOT DIFFERENT FROM SUMMARY

Document of 75,000 Words Show Reports Already Printed Were Accurate.

The treaty of peace offered to the Germans at Versailles, the text of which has been refused to the United States Senate, is public property today.

Fraser Hunt, war correspondent of the Chicago Tribune, who has just returned to America, wired the 75,000 word text of the treaty to-day to that paper from Washington.

In transmitting the treaty, which is published in full, he wired:

"While the Senate is turning at its inability to get a copy of the treaty of peace with the Central Powers, and the whole country is amazed at the refusal of the Administration to unlock its vaults, produce the copy which Acting Secretary of State Polk is known to have, and make known to the people of America the treaty terms, which are already known to the people of the conquered countries, I am able to present one of the original copies of the document."

"This copy, which is one of the original drafts containing all of the maps and treaty terms in detail, was obtained in Paris. Passing through the seat of the Peace Conference on my return from Soviet Russia, I secured this copy and brought it to America, arriving on Friday morning in New York."

"Outside of the copy in the possession of the State Department, this is one of the few original copies there are in America. It is quite easy to obtain German translations of the treaty in Germany and in neutral countries, but these have omissions and are without the maps. The copy brought by me to America, entitled 'Conditions of Peace,' is printed in French and English, the French text appearing on the left and the English on the right hand pages. The book is bound in paper, and is roughly eight by fourteen inches, and a little over an inch thick. There are 416 pages. It runs about 75,000 words of text and four large maps are pasted in the volume."

"By and large the summary of the treaty as previously published substantially carries the important points of the full treaty. This summary, which ran some 12,000 words, used little of the original text, but reproduced fairly faithfully the sense of the original."

"Only in a few places are there any omissions that seem to have been made deliberately. Probably the most serious of these is the case of the Saar Valley, in regard to the ownership of the mines. This whole Saar Valley section contains one of the severest exactions made by France on Germany. The summary fails to go into detail on some of these points."

"A second section where a serious indictment can be brought against the published summary is in reference to the international labor organization which is to be formed under the patronage of the League of Nations. This tremendous step, which is of such vital interest to both American labor and capital, is dealt with very lightly in the summary."

ESTONIANS IN CLASH WITH GERMAN TROOPS

Captured Kreitzburg and Number of Prisoners Friday, Says Official Statement.

STOCKHOLM, June 9.—Estonian forces have clashed with German Landwehr troops in the region east of Riga, where Latvian detachments have also been in serious fighting with the Germans, according to an official statement issued at Estonian headquarters.

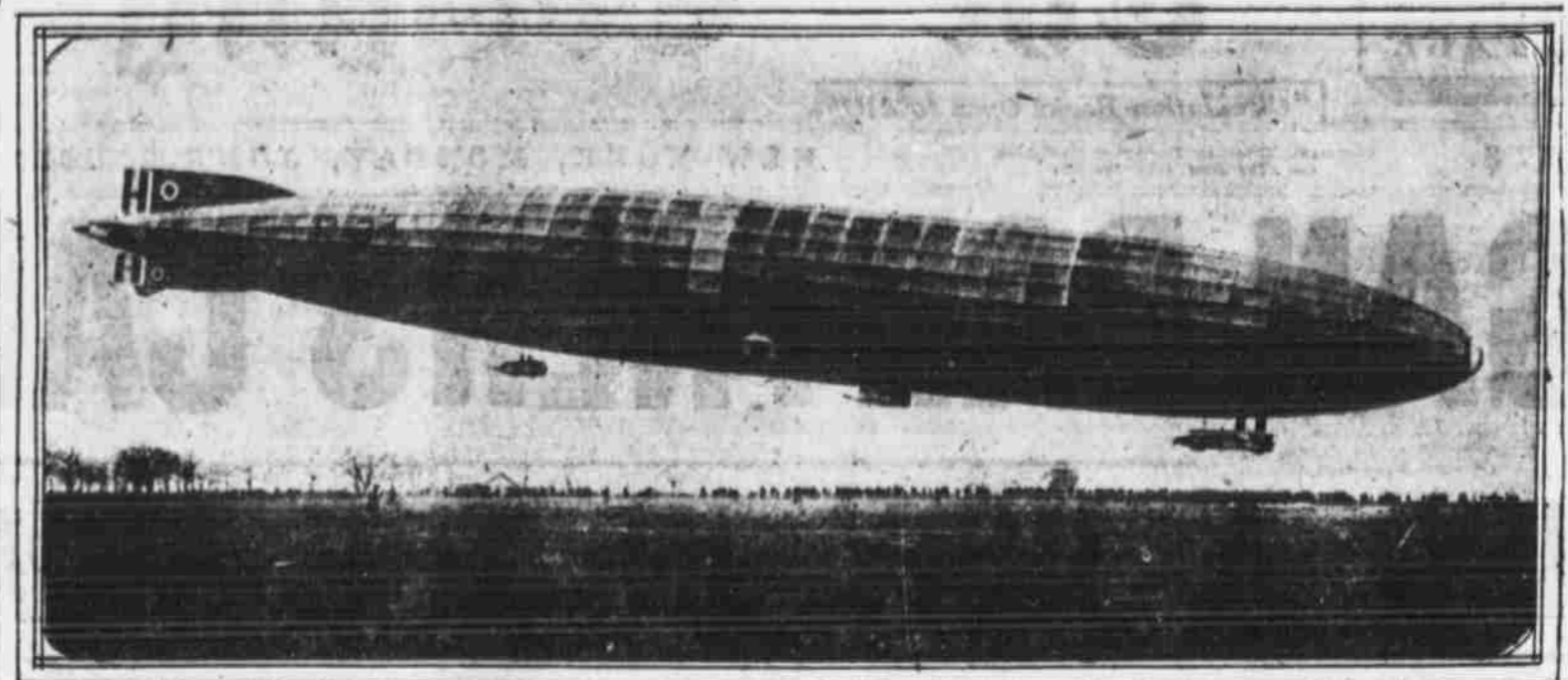
The capture of Kreitzburg, the occupation of which by Estonian forces has been reported, occurred on Friday and the Estonians captured a large number of prisoners.

The Estonian General Staff considers itself forced to start military operations against the Germans, says a Helsingfors despatch. This action is in consequence of the action of Germans in the Riga district in advancing behind the Bolshevik lines to occupy the eastern frontier of Latvia, which, with a treacherous attack upon the Estonians by the German cavalry under orders from General von Goltz, commander of German forces in the Baltic region, it is said, "unmasked the Germans as accomplices of the Bolsheviks."

Guatemala President's Term Cut to Four Years.

SAN SALVADOR, June 9.—The term of the President of Guatemala is reduced from six to four years under the clauses of the new constitution recently. The new constitution modifies the constitution of 1879 and provides that the President shall be elected by direct vote of the people and may not be eligible for re-election until eight years after he relinquishes the post.

Big British Dirigible's Advance Crew Due To-Morrow To Perfect Receiving Plans for Her Oversea Flight



British Dirigible R-34 To Try Atlantic Flight.

R-34 Awaits Only Completion Message to Start on Trip to America.

WASHINGTON, June 9.—The big British rigid dirigible R-34 is not scheduled to leave Yorkshire, England, for New York and Atlantic City until an official report is received from this side that all arrangements have been perfected for the reception of the big lighter-than-air ship.

Two British officers and a number of mechanics, with spare parts for the R-34, are due to arrive at New York on the Adriatic Tuesday. They will perfect arrangements for receiving the R-34.

The dirigible will fly over New York and Atlantic City and then is expected to proceed to the naval air station at Cape May, where the Naval Aviation Service will assume responsibility for its safekeeping.

It is possible the R-34 will visit Washington in order that Government officials, Senators and Representatives, the Diplomatic Corps and others unacquainted with ships of the Zeppelin type may have an opportunity to see it.

When the Admiralty announcement of the proposed flight was made recently the understanding was that the big ship would leave about June 15. So far as known here this has not been changed.

Gen. Malland and several other high officers of the Royal Air Force will be carried as passengers.

Gen. Pershing informed the Associated Press today that there was no truth in the report in circulation here that he had asked to be taken as a passenger.

While the personnel of the crew has not been announced, it is authoritatively but not officially stated that Major G. H. Scott is expected to be confirmed as the big airship's commander. She will have a crew of twenty-five.

STOLE AUTOS IN LONDON; SOLD THEM TO WEALTHY

Musician, Now in Prison, Lived Like a Prince and Lavished Money.

LONDON, June 9. (Associated Press Correspondence).—For four months Sidney Meredith, an attractive musician of twenty-two, dressed like a prince and threw money to the winds in fashionable hotels on the £2,000 to £2,500 a week he acquired through the daring theft of automobiles in London. He has been sentenced to three years' imprisonment.

He confessed, the police say, to stealing thirty machines in four months.

Meredith is accredited with saying that he sold each car quickly to a syndicate of wealthy men whom he believed often made from 400 to 700 per cent. profit after repainting the machines and otherwise changing their appearance. He declined to divulge their identity.

SHOOTS SELF AT BREAKFAST.

Diner Shifting Revolver in Pocket When It Explodes.

George Baatas, twenty-five, a clerk living at No. 451 West 52d Street, showed himself to be an expert shot this morning when he hit himself in the right arm with a bullet from an automatic revolver while shifting it from one pocket to the other. Incidentally, the shift wasn't completed.

Baatas was excavating a grapefruit at the time in a restaurant at No. 817 Tenth Avenue, and whether the gun was necessary for the operation has not appeared.

Hospital, where the bullet was removed, showed a permit to carry the weapon. He was not arrested.

ENOUGH TROOPS AT BORDER.

Gen. Cabell Advises Against Increasing Forces Now.

WASHINGTON, June 9.—Major Gen. Cabell, commanding the Southern Department and the Mexican Border, in a special report to the War Department today advised against any increase in forces at this time.

The forces now under his command, Gen. Cabell said, were sufficient to handle any contingency that could be foreseen.

LATONIA ENTRIES.

LATONIA, Ky., June 9.—Sixth day's racing meeting, Tuesday, June 10th.

FIRST RACE.—Purse \$1,200. Three-year-olds, colts and geldings, claiming, time and distance, mile and a half, 130 lbs. 1st, Harry Jones, 1:10; 2nd, Black Wing, 1:11; 3rd, May Day, 1:12; 4th, Harry Jones, 1:13; 5th, Black Wing, 1:14; 6th, May Day, 1:15; 7th, Harry Jones, 1:16; 8th, Black Wing, 1:17; 9th, May Day, 1:18; 10th, Harry Jones, 1:19; 11th, Black Wing, 1:20; 12th, May Day, 1:21; 13th, Harry Jones, 1:22; 14th, Black Wing, 1:23; 15th, May Day, 1:24; 16th, Harry Jones, 1:25; 17th, Black Wing, 1:26; 18th, May Day, 1:27; 19th, Harry Jones, 1:28; 20th, Black Wing, 1:29; 21st, May Day, 1:30; 22nd, Harry Jones, 1:31; 23rd, Black Wing, 1:32; 24th, May Day, 1:33; 25th, Harry Jones, 1:34; 26th, Black Wing, 1:35; 27th, May Day, 1:36; 28th, Harry Jones, 1:37; 29th, Black Wing, 1:38; 30th, May Day, 1:39; 31st, Harry Jones, 1:40; 32nd, Black Wing, 1:41; 33rd, May Day, 1:42; 34th, Harry Jones, 1:43; 35th, Black Wing, 1:44; 36th, May Day, 1:45; 37th, Harry Jones, 1:46; 38th, Black Wing, 1:47; 39th, May Day, 1:48; 40th, Harry Jones, 1:49; 41st, Black Wing, 1:50; 42nd, May Day, 1:51; 43rd, Harry Jones, 1:52; 44th, Black Wing, 1:53; 45th, May Day, 1:54; 46th, Harry Jones, 1:55; 47th, Black Wing, 1:56; 48th, May Day, 1:57; 49th, Harry Jones, 1:58; 50th, Black Wing, 1:59; 51st, May Day, 2:00; 52nd, Harry Jones, 2:01; 53rd, Black Wing, 2:02; 54th, May Day, 2:03; 55th, Harry Jones, 2:04; 56th, Black Wing, 2:05; 57th, May Day, 2:06; 58th, Harry Jones, 2:07; 59th, Black Wing, 2:08; 60th, May Day, 2:09; 61st, Harry Jones, 2:10; 62nd, Black Wing, 2:11; 63rd, May Day, 2:12; 64th, Harry Jones, 2:13; 65th, Black Wing, 2:14; 66th, May Day, 2:15; 67th, Harry Jones, 2:16; 68th, Black Wing, 2:17; 69th, May Day, 2:18; 70th, Harry Jones, 2:19; 71st, Black Wing, 2:20; 72nd, May Day, 2:21; 73rd, Harry Jones, 2:22; 74th, Black Wing, 2:23; 75th, May Day, 2:24; 76th, Harry Jones, 2:25; 77th, Black Wing, 2:26; 78th, May Day, 2:27; 79th, Harry Jones, 2:28; 80th, Black Wing, 2:29; 81st, May Day, 2:30; 82nd, Harry Jones, 2:31; 83rd, Black Wing, 2:32; 84th, May Day, 2:33; 85th, Harry Jones, 2:34; 86th, Black Wing, 2:35; 87th, May Day, 2:36; 88th, Harry Jones, 2:37; 89th, Black Wing, 2:38; 90th, May Day, 2:39; 91st, Harry Jones, 2:40; 92nd, Black Wing, 2:41; 93rd, May Day, 2:42; 94th, Harry Jones, 2:43; 95th, Black Wing, 2:44; 96th, May Day, 2:45; 97th, Harry Jones, 2:46; 98th, Black Wing, 2:47; 99th, May Day, 2:48; 100th, Harry Jones, 2:49; 101st, Black Wing, 2:50; 102nd, May Day, 2:51; 103rd, Harry Jones, 2:52; 104th, Black Wing, 2:53; 105th, May Day, 2:54; 106th, Harry Jones, 2:55; 107th, Black Wing, 2:56; 108th, May Day, 2:57; 109th, Harry Jones, 2:58; 110th, Black Wing, 2:59; 111th, May Day, 3:00; 112th, Harry Jones, 3:01; 113th, Black Wing, 3:02; 114th, May Day, 3:03; 115th, Harry Jones, 3:04; 116th, Black Wing, 3:05; 117th, May Day, 3:06; 118th, Harry Jones, 3:07; 119th, Black Wing, 3:08; 120th, May Day, 3:09; 121st, Harry Jones, 3:10; 122nd, Black Wing, 3:11; 123rd, May Day, 3:12; 124th, Harry Jones, 3:13; 125th, Black Wing, 3:14; 126th, May Day, 3:15; 127th, Harry Jones, 3:16; 128th, Black Wing, 3:17; 129th, May Day, 3:18; 130th, Harry Jones, 3:19; 131st, Black Wing, 3:20; 132nd, May Day, 3:21; 133th, Harry Jones, 3:22; 134th, Black Wing, 3:23; 135th, May Day, 3:24; 136th, Harry Jones, 3:25; 137th, Black Wing, 3:26; 138th, May Day, 3:27; 139th, Harry Jones, 3:28; 140th, Black Wing, 3:29; 141st, May Day, 3:30; 142nd, Harry Jones, 3:31; 143th, Black Wing, 3:32; 144th, May Day, 3:33; 145th, Harry Jones, 3:34; 146th, Black Wing, 3:35; 147th, May Day, 3:36; 148th, Harry Jones, 3:37; 149th, Black Wing, 3:38; 150th, May Day, 3:39; 151st, Harry Jones, 3:40; 152nd, Black Wing, 3:41; 153th, May Day, 3:42; 154th, Harry Jones, 3:43; 155th, Black Wing, 3:44; 156th, May Day, 3:45; 157th, Harry Jones, 3:46; 158th, Black Wing, 3:47; 159th, May Day, 3:48; 160th, Harry Jones, 3:49; 161st, Black Wing, 3:50; 162nd, May Day, 3:51; 163th, Harry Jones, 3:52; 164th, Black Wing, 3:53; 165th, May Day, 3:54; 166th, Harry Jones, 3:55; 167th, Black Wing, 3:56; 168th, May Day, 3:57; 169th, Harry Jones, 3:58; 170th, Black Wing, 3:59; 171st, May Day, 4:00; 172nd, Harry Jones, 4:01; 173th, Black Wing, 4:02; 174th, May Day, 4:03; 175th, Harry Jones, 4:04; 176th, Black Wing, 4:05; 177th, May Day, 4:06; 178th, Harry Jones, 4:07; 179th, Black Wing, 4:08; 180th, May Day, 4:09; 181st, Harry Jones, 4:10; 182nd, Black Wing, 4:11; 183th, May Day, 4:12; 184th, Harry Jones, 4:13; 185th, Black Wing, 4:14; 186th, May Day, 4:15; 187th, Harry Jones, 4:16; 188th, Black Wing, 4:17; 189th, May Day, 4:18; 190th, Harry Jones, 4:19; 191st, Black Wing, 4:20; 192nd, May Day, 4:21; 193th, Harry Jones, 4:22; 194th, Black Wing, 4:23; 195th, May Day, 4:24; 196th, Harry Jones, 4:25; 197th, Black Wing, 4:26; 198th, May Day, 4:27; 199th, Harry Jones, 4: